SECTION A

Question 1: (10 marks)		Marks
(a)	Write 0.17 ³ rounded correct to (i) -3 decimal places (ii) 2 significant figures.	2
(b)	Find the product of 0.5 and 0.26 as a simple fraction.	2
(c)	Subtract $4x - y$ from $2x + 11$.	1
(d)	Evaluate $\sqrt{\frac{3\cdot 6 + 7\cdot 8}{9\cdot 8}}$. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.	1
(e)	Calculate $3 \cdot 6 \times 10^2 \div 2 \cdot 4 \times 10^{-7}$. Write your answer in scientific notation.	1
(f)	Expand and simplify $3x(x+2) - 4(x+7)$.	1
(g)	Find the values of x and y if $x + \sqrt{y} = 3 + 2\sqrt{5}$ and x and y are rational.	2

Question 2: (10 marks)

Marks

- a) A bacteria colony weighs 5.3×10⁻³ grams. There are approximately 50 000 bacteria in the colony. What is the approximate weight of one bacterium?
- (b) Factorise completely
 - (i) $x^3 27$
 - (ii) $2x^2 + 7x + 3$
 - (iii) $x^2 + 2x + 1 y^2$.
- (c) Solve
 - (i) (x-3)(2x+1)=0
 - (ii) (x+3)(x-4)=8.
- (d) Each angle of a polygon is 140°. How many sides does the polygon have?

SECTION B

Question 3: (10 marks) START A NEW BOOKLET

Marks

5

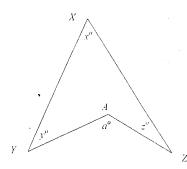
1

- (a) Solve
 - (i) |3x-1| < 8
 - (ii) 1 3x > 2
 - (iii) $-5 \le 1 + x \le 6$

Graph your solution to part (iii) on a number line.

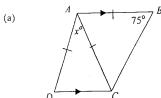
- (b) Write in simplest surd form: $\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{18} \sqrt{32}$.
- (c) Simplify $\frac{5}{x-3} \div \frac{x^2+3x}{x^2-9}$.
- (d) In the diagram below, obtain an expression for a in terms of x, y and z.

 Clearly state all reasons.



Ouestion 4: (10 marks)

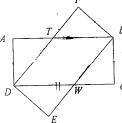




 $AB \parallel DC$ AD = AC = AB

Find the value of x.

(b)



ABCD and DEBF are two congruent rectangles with sides 3 and 7 units as in the diagram. (AB = DF = 7, AD = DE = 3)

- (i) Show that $\triangle ATD \equiv \triangle FTB$.
- (ii) Show that $AT = \frac{20}{7}$.
- (iii) Find the area of the figure DWBT.
- (c) Write in simplest form: $\frac{\cos(180^{\circ} A)}{\sin(90^{\circ} A)}$

SECTION C

Question 5: (10 marks) START A NEW BOOKLET

Marks

(a) Prove $\tan A + \cot A = \sec A \csc A$.

2

(b) Solve $\sin \theta = \cos \theta$ for $0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$.

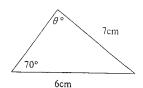
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2

c) If $\sin \theta = -\frac{3}{4}$ and $\cos \theta > 0$, find the exact value of $\tan \theta$.

(d) An isosceles triangle has an angle of 30° formed by the sides of equal length. The area of the triangle is 20m². Determine the *exact* length of the sides that are equal.

(e)



Calculate the value of θ to the nearest degree.

Question 6: (10 marks)

Marks

(a) A 30cm stick which is perpendicular to the ground casts a shadow of length 47cm. Find the angle of elevation of the sun at this time. Write your answer to the nearest minute.



b) A line passes through the points A(-2, 5) and B(3, 7).

5

Find the (i) length of AB

- (ii) gradient of AB
- (iii) midpoint of AB
- (iv) equation of the line AB.
- (c) Find the equation of the line perpendicular to 2x 3y + 7 = 0 which passes through the point (5, 2).

s 2

(d) The line *l* is parallel to y = 3x + 7 and has a *y* intercept of -2. Write down the equation of the line *l*.

SECTION C

Question 7: (10 marks) START A NEW BOOKLET

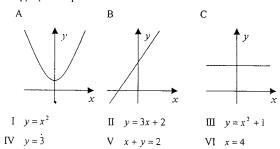
Marks

2

- (a) (i) Define an even function.
 - Give an example of an even function.
- Write down the natural domain of $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}}$. (b)
- (i) Copy the following table into your answer booklet. (c)

Graph	Equation
A	
В	
С	

Complete the table by matching each graph below with the appropriate equation



- (iii) Use your answer to part (ii) to determine the range of the function represented by graph A.
- For the points P(x, y), A(1, -2) and B(0, 3), find the algebraic equation of the locus of P if P moves such that its distance from the point A is three times its distance from the point B.

Ouestion 8: (10 marks)

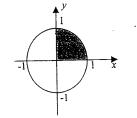
Marks

2

- The points A(2, -6) and B(4, 8) are at opposite ends of the diameter of a circle. Find

 - the centre of the circle
 - the radius of the circle
 - the two values of k, such that the point (8, k) lies on the circle.

(b)



Write down a system of inequalities which represents the region shown.

- Describe the region in precise geometrical terms.
- On a number plane, shade the region where the following inequalities hold (c) simultaneously:

$$y \ge x^2$$
 and $|x| \le 1$.

END OF PAPER