(a) Evaluate $\frac{\sqrt{24.1-15.8}}{14 \times 23-25}$, correct to 4 significant figures.
(b) Simplify:
(i) $\left(2 b^{3}\right)^{4}$
(ii) $y^{\frac{1}{2}} \times y^{\frac{-1}{2}}$
(c) Write without fractional or negative indices:
(i) $x^{\frac{2}{3}}$
(ii) $(5 x-3)^{\frac{-1}{2}}$
(d) Use algebraic techniques to express 0.17 as a fraction in simplest terms.
(e) The speed of light can be approximated as $3 \times 10^{8}$ metres per second. Calculate the time that it would take light to travel from the surface of a cricket ball onto the retina of a spectator sitting 80 metres away. Express your answer in scientific notation to 3 significant figures.
(f) If the cost of an mp3 player is $\$ 245.30$ including $10 \%$ GST, then how much is the cost of the mp3 player without GST?

## QUESTION TWO (23 Marks) Start a new page

(a) Expand and simplify the following:
(i) $(3 x-1)(2 x+3) \quad 1$
(ii) $(5-x)^{2}$
(b) Factorise:
(i) $y^{2}-y-90$
(ii) $12 x^{2}+16 x-3$

2
(iii) $x^{4}+8 x$

3
(c) Simplify:
(i) $\frac{5}{4 k}+\frac{k+1}{k^{2}}$
(ii) $\frac{x^{2}-1}{x^{3}-1}$

3
(d) Simplify fully:
(i) $\sqrt{5}(2 \sqrt{3}-5)$

1
(ii) $5 \sqrt{27}-2 \sqrt{75}$

2
(e) Evaluate $a$ and $b$ if $(2 \sqrt{3}+1)^{2}=a+\sqrt{b}$ given that $a$ and $b$ are integers.
(f) Express with a rational denominator (in simplest form):
(i) $\frac{5 \sqrt{7}}{3 \sqrt{2}}$
(ii) $\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{\sqrt{5}-1}$

## QUESTION THREE (20 Marks) Start a new page

(a) Solve for $x$
(i) $4(3 x-2)-5=35 \quad 2$
(ii) $\frac{6}{x}=\frac{4}{5} \quad(x \neq 0)$

1
(iii) $5 x-3 \geq-13$

2
(iv) $\frac{x+4}{5}-\frac{x+2}{3}=-2$
(b) The volume of a sphere is given by $V=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$. Calculate the value of $r$ when the volume of the sphere is $200 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.
(c) Solve for $x$
(i) $x^{2}-5 x=0 \quad 2$
(ii) $4 x^{2}-9=0$

2
(iii) $6 x^{2}+13 x+5=0 \quad 3$
(d) Solve for $x$ correct to 3 decimal places:
$x^{2}-5 x+2=0$
2

## END OF PAPER

Question 1
(a) 0.009700
(b) (i) $16 b^{12}$
(ii) $y_{\sqrt[3]{x^{2}}}^{0}=1$
(c) (i) $\sqrt[3]{x^{2}}$ or $(\sqrt[3]{x})^{2}$
(ii) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5 x-3}}$
(d) let $x=0.1717$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \therefore \quad 100 x=17.1717 \ldots \\
& \therefore \quad 99 x=17
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\therefore \quad & \quad x 9 x
\end{aligned}=1799
$$

(e)

$$
\begin{aligned}
t & =\frac{80}{3 \times 10^{8}} \\
& =0.00000026 \\
& =2.67 \times 10^{-7}
\end{aligned}
$$

(f)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 110 \% \text { is } \$ 245.30 \\
& 10 \% \text { is } \$ 22.30 \\
& 100 \% \text { is } \$ 223
\end{aligned}
$$

Question 2
(a) (i)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6 x^{2}+9 x-2 x-3 \\
= & 6 x^{2}+7 x-3
\end{aligned}
$$

(ii) $25-10 x+x^{2}$
(b)
(i) $(y-10)(y+9)$
(ii)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x^{2}+16 x-3 \\
= & 12 x^{2}+18 x-2 x-3 \\
= & 6 x(2 x+3)-(2 x+3) \\
= & (2 x+3)(6 x-1)
\end{aligned}
$$

(iii)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x\left(x^{3}+8\right) \\
= & x(x+2)\left(x^{2}-2 x+4\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

(c) (i)

$$
\text { 1) } \begin{aligned}
& \frac{5 k}{4 k^{2}}+\frac{4 k+4}{4 k^{2}} \\
= & \frac{9 k+4}{4 k^{2}}
\end{aligned}
$$

(ii)

$$
\text { i) } \begin{aligned}
& \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-1)\left(x^{2}+x+1\right)} \\
= & \frac{x+1}{x^{2}+x+1}
\end{aligned}
$$

(d) (i) $2 \sqrt{15}-5 \sqrt{5}$
(ii) $\quad 15 \sqrt{3}-10 \sqrt{3}$

$$
=5 \sqrt{3}
$$

(e) $\quad(2 \sqrt{3}+1)^{2}=a+\sqrt{b}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \therefore 12+4 \sqrt{3}+1=a+\sqrt{b} \\
& \therefore 13+4 \sqrt{3}=a+\sqrt{b} \\
& \therefore 13+\sqrt{48}=a+\sqrt{b} \\
& \therefore a=13, b=48
\end{aligned}
$$

(f) (i) $\frac{5 \sqrt{14}}{6}$
(ii)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(\sqrt{5}+1)(\sqrt{5}+1)}{(\sqrt{5}-1)(\sqrt{5}+1)} \\
= & \frac{5+2 \sqrt{5}+1}{5-1}=\frac{6+2 \sqrt{5}}{4}=\frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Question 3
(a) (i)

$$
\begin{aligned}
12 x-8-5 & =35 \\
12 x & =48 \\
x & =12
\end{aligned}
$$

(ii) $\quad 30=4 x$
ii) $\quad x=7.5$
(iii) $5 x \geqslant-10$

$$
x \geqslant-2
$$

(iv)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 x+12-(5 x+10)}{15}=-2 \\
& 3 x+12-5 x-10=-30 \\
& -2 x=-32 \\
& x=16
\end{aligned}
$$

(b)

$$
\begin{aligned}
200 & =\frac{4 \pi r^{3}}{3} \\
\frac{150}{\pi} & =r^{3} \\
r & =\sqrt[3]{\frac{150}{\pi}} \\
& =3.63 \quad \text { (2d.p.) }
\end{aligned}
$$

(c) (i)

$$
x(x-5)=0
$$

$$
x=0 \text { or } 5
$$

(ii)

$$
(2 x-3)(2 x+3)=0
$$

$$
x= \pm 3 / 2
$$

(iii)
(d)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6 x^{2}+10 x+3 x+5=0 \\
& 2 x(3 x+5)+(3 x+5)=0 \\
& (3 x+5)(2 x+1)=0 \\
& x=-5 / 3 \text { or }-1 / 2 \\
& x=\frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25-8}}{2} \\
& =\frac{5 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2} \\
& =4.562 \text { or } 0.438
\end{aligned}
$$

