## 2002 <br> TRIAL HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

## Mathematics

## General Instructions

o Reading Time-5minutes
o Working Time-3 hours
o Write using a blue or black pen
o Approved calculators may be used
o A table of standard integrals is provided at the back of this paper.
o All necessary working should be shown for every question.
o Begin each question on a fresh sheet of paper

## Total marks (120)

- Attempt Questions 1-10
- All questions are of equal value


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## QUESTION 1

a) Find the exact value of $\log _{2} 128$
b) Expand and simplify $5 a^{2}+7 a b-a(2 a+b)$
c) Factorise $49 x^{2}-y^{2}$
d) Evaluate $e^{4}$ correct to 3 significant figures.
e) Find the exact value of $\tan \frac{5 \pi}{6}$
f) i) Express $4 \sqrt{27}-\sqrt{243}$ in simplest surd form.
ii) Determine the value of $x$ given $4 \sqrt{27}-\sqrt{243}=\sqrt{x}$
g) Solve $|3 x-2| \geq 7$ and graph the solution on a number line.

## QUESTION 2 Start a new page

a) Differentiate:
i) $x^{5}-2 x^{3}$
ii) $(x+5)^{4}$
iii) $3 \sin \frac{2 x}{5}$
iv) $x e^{-x}$
b) For the parabola $(x-5)^{2}=-8(y-2)$ determine:
i) the focal length
ii) the co-ordinates of the vertex
iii) the co-ordinates of the focus
iv) the equation of the directrix.
c) In the figure below triangle XYZ is isosceles and $\angle \mathrm{AZY}$ is $126^{\circ}$. Determine the size of $\angle \mathrm{ZYB}$ giving reasons.


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## QUESTION 3 Start a new page

$\mathrm{A}(2,5), \mathrm{B}(-2,-1)$ and $\mathrm{C}(1,-5)$ are the vertices of triangle ABC .
a) Show this information clearly on a diagram
b) Determine the exact length of AB in simplest form.
c) Show the gradient of $A B$ is $\frac{3}{2}$.
d) Find the equation of AB in general form
e) Calculate the exact distance from C to side AB .
f) Find the exact area of triangle $A B C$.
g) Determine the co-ordinates of D such that ABCD is a parallelogram.
h) Calculate the angle (nearest minute) that side AB is inclined to the positive direction of the $x$-axis.

OUESTION 4 Start a new page
a) Find the value of $x$ correct to 3 significant figures.

b) Without solving, state the largest angle in triangle XYZ, justifying your answer.


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c) Consider the arithmetic series $9+13+17+$ $\qquad$
i) Determine the first term and the common difference.
ii) Find the sum of the first 20 terms.
iii) Which term is the first term greater than 1000 and what is its value?
d) 8 black and 5 yellow discs are placed in a bag and 12 black and 10 yellow discs in a second bag. A disc is drawn from each bag. What is the probability of: i) a black disc being drawn from the first bag?
ii) a yellow disc being drawn from the second bag?
iii) a black and a yellow disc being drawn?

## QUESTION 5 Start a new page

a) Find a primitive of:
i) $3 x^{4}-e^{-2 x}$
ii) $\frac{6 x}{x^{2}-1}$
iii) $\sqrt{5 x+2}$
b) Find the equation of the normal to the curve $y=e^{2 x}$ at the point where $x=0$ in general form.
c) Solve in the domain, $0 \leq \alpha \leq 2 \pi$,

$$
\begin{equation*}
2 \cos ^{2} \alpha+3 \cos \alpha+1=0 \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

## QUESTION 6 Start a new page

a) A function is defined by the rule $f(x)=x^{3}-3 x^{2}-9 x+6$.
i) Find the co-ordinates of any stationary points and determine their nature.
ii) Find any point(s) of inflexion.
iii) Sketch the curve in the domain $-3 \leq x \leq 5$ showing clearly important features.
b) i) Sketch $y=3 \cos 2 x$ in the domain $0 \leq x \leq \pi$.
ii) Without solving explain why $\int_{0}^{\pi} 3 \cos 2 x d x=0$.
iii) Determine the area bounded by the curve $y=3 \cos 2 x$, the $x$-axis and values from $x=0$ to $x=\pi$.

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## QUESTION 7 Start a new page

a) Prove triangle ADE and triangle ACB are similar and determine the value of $x$ (correct to 1 decimal place). Units are mm .


NOT TO SCALE
b) The volume of water in a tank is given by $\mathrm{V}=200-2 \mathrm{t}+\frac{t^{2}}{200}$ litres, where $t$ is in minutes.
i) How much water is in the tank after 15 minutes?
ii) At what rate is water flowing out of the tank after 25 minutes?
iii) How long will it take to empty the tank?
c) A ball drops from a height of 20 metres and bounces with each successive bounce only $\frac{4}{5}$ the height of the previous bounce.
i) How far will the ball rebound after it has hit the ground for the $3^{\text {rd }}$ time?
ii) Through what distance will the ball eventually travel?
d) The diagram below shows 2 curves $y=g(x)$ and $y=h(x)$ which intersect at points $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C . Write down an expression which could be used to evaluate the area between the 2 curves.


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## QUESTION 8 Start a new page

a) The diagram shows the widths of a garden bed in a park at 15 m intervals.

Use Simpson's Rule to estimate the surface area of the garden bed
Units are metres.

b) i) Find the derivative of $y=\ln (\ln x)$.
ii) Hence or otherwise evaluate $\int_{e}^{e^{x}} \frac{2 d x}{x \ln x}$
c) A block of ice is melting at a rate proportional to its mass, M kg , left in the block after time $t$ minutes, i.e. $\frac{d M}{d t}=-k M$
After 25 minutes, $15 \%$ of the block has melted.
i) Show that $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{M}_{0} e^{-k t}$ is a solution of the equation $\frac{d M}{d t}=-k M$
ii) Determine the value of $k$.
iii) How long, to the nearest minute, will it take for $70 \%$ of the block of ice to have melted?
d) Evaluate $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \frac{3 x}{2}}{6 x}$

## OUESTION 9 Start a new page

a) The Smith's borrow $\$ 150000$ from Friendly Bank at $9 \%$ p a. charged monthly for 25 years. Friendly Bank has a special deal to help customers, no repayments are required for the first 9 months.
i) Show that the amount owing after I month is $150000(1.0075)$
ii) Show an expression for the amount owing after 10 months assuming the monthly repayment is $\$ \mathrm{M}$.
iii) Derive a similar expression for the amount owing after $n$ months.
iv) Calculate (to nearest cent) the amount of each monthly payment

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b) The diagram shows a velocity-time graph for particle $\mathbf{P}$ for its first 30 seconds of motion
i) When is P moving forwards?
ii) When is the acceleration positive?
iii) When is P furthest from its starting position in a positive direction?
iv) When is it furthest in the negative direction?
v) About when does it return to its starting position?
vi) Assuming the particle starts at the origin, sketch graphs of its displacement and its acceleration.


## QUESTION 10 Start a new page

a) i) Shade the region between the curve $y=\log _{e} x$ and the $x$-axis from $x=1$ to $x=2$.
ii) This region is rotated about the $y$-axis. Determine the exact volume.
b) In the figure $A B$ and $A C$ are radii of length $r$ metres of a circle centre $A$.

Arc BC subtends an angle $\theta$ radians at A .

i) If the perimeter of the sector is 8 metres, show that the area of the sector is given by $A=\frac{32 \theta}{(\theta+2)^{2}}$
ii) Hence determine the maximum area of the sector.

