

## SAINT IGNATIUS' COLLEGE

Trial Higher School Certificate

## 2007

# **GENERAL MATHEMATICS**

#### **Directions to students**

- Reading time: 5 minutes
- Time Allowed 2 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> hours
- Attempt ALL questions
- Questions 23 28 are of equal value
- Board approved calculators may be used.
- A separate formula sheet is provided
- Answer each question in the booklets provided and clearly label with your name and your teacher's name

Total Marks 100

Section 1 : Multiple Choice (22)

Attempt questions 1 - 22

Allow about 30 minutes for this section

Section 2: Answer in booklets (78)

Attempt Questions 23 – 28

Allow about 2 hours for this section

## Section I

## Marks available – 22

Spend about 30 minutes on this section.

Attempt all questions.

**1.** John is planning to invest \$1500 at the end of each year at 7% p.a. interest.

What will the future value of this annuity be worth after 10 years?

- **A.** \$2950
- **B.** \$10 535
- **C.** \$20 725
- **D.** \$42 986
- 2. Vicki scored 78 in a maths test. The maths test had a mean of 62 and a standard deviation of 8. A recent English test had a mean of 58 and a standard deviation of 11.

What mark in the English test would have been equivalent to Vicki's maths mark?

- **A.** 74
- **B.** 76
- **C.** 78
- **D.** 80
- **3.** For a loan of \$20 000 a deposit of \$1600 is made and payments of \$564 per month are paid for 4 years.

The total repaid is:

- **A.** \$2256
- **B.** \$3856
- **C.** \$27 072
- **D.** \$28 672
- **4.** Mr Dogood represented the results from his class's test as a stem-and-leaf plot.

		Females			Ma	les					
			8	7	0	9					
9	7	6	4	3	1	1	3	5	7	8	
	8	7	5	1	2	1	3	6	6	7	9
	7	4	3	1	3	1	1	2			

The difference in the median for the females and males is:

 A.
 1

 B.
 2

 C.
 5

 D.
 6

5. Which scattergram below has a correlation of approximately -0.4?



6. The depreciated value of a colour laser printer is \$1500.

If the printer was depreciated at a rate of 5% pa for 5 years, then the original value of the printer was:

A.	\$375
1 1.	$\psi J I J$

- **B.** \$1875
- **C.** \$1914
- **D.** \$1939

7. Which graph below represents the line y = 2x + 4?



8. The probability of an event occurring is  $\frac{.89}{.100}$ 

Which statement best describes the probability of this event occurring?

- **A.** The event is likely to occur
- **B.** The event is certain to occur
- C. The event is unlikely to occur
- **D.** The event will NOT occur
- 9. The area, A, of a trapezium is given by the formula

$$A = \frac{h}{2}(a+b)$$

Calculate the area when h = 12, a = 7 and b = 9.

- A. 51
  B. 96
  C. 121
  D. 192
- **10.** The value of *y*, correct to one decimal place is:
  - A. 2.4
    B. 3.1
    C. 3.2
  - **D.** 4.7



11. The table below shows the monthly repayments per \$1000 on a bank home loan.

Term of Loan (years)	6.00%	6.25%	6.50%	6.75%	7.00%	7.25%	7.50%
5	\$19.33	\$19.45	\$19.57	\$19.68	\$19.80	\$19.92	\$20.04
10	\$11.10	\$11.23	\$11.35	\$11.48	\$11.61	\$11.74	\$11.87
15	\$8.44	\$8.57	\$8.71	\$8.85	\$8.99	\$9.13	\$9.27
20	\$7.16	\$7.31	\$7.46	\$7.60	\$7.75	\$7.90	\$8.06
25	\$6.44	\$6.60	\$6.75	\$6.91	\$7.07	\$7.23	\$7.39

Determine the monthly repayment for a loan of \$120 000 at 6.5% p.a. interest rate over 20 years.

- **A.** \$7.46
- **B.** \$89.52
- **C.** \$895.20
- **D.** \$7460

- 12. In a family of three children, the probability of having three boys is:
  - $\frac{1}{2}$  $\frac{1}{3}$  $\frac{1}{8}$  $\frac{3}{8}$ A. **B**. C. D.

**13.** Evaluate the volume of the cone.

Lvuit	dute the volume of the cone.	5 m
A. B. C. D.	39 m <sup>3</sup> 118 m <sup>3</sup> 157 m <sup>3</sup> 471 m <sup>3</sup>	NOT TO SCALE

5 m

#### **14.** Two coins are tossed together 20 times.

Which calculation below illustrates the expected number of times you would get 2 heads?

A.
 
$$\frac{1}{4} \times 20$$

 B.
  $\frac{1}{2} \times 20$ 

 C.
  $\frac{1}{4} \times 40$ 

 D.
  $\frac{1}{2} \times 40$ 

15. The speed limit in the Harbour Tunnel is 80 km/h. This is equivalent to

- A. 2.2 m/sec B. 22.2 m/sec
- 222.2 m/sec **C**.
- D. 2222.2 m/sec

**16.** A group of 6 students completed a spelling quiz. Their average score was recorded as 13, but one of the scores had been incorrectly recorded as 8 instead of 18.

Find the real average.

- **A.** 5.2
- **B.** 14.7
- **C.** 15.5
- **D.** 16.0
- **17.** Determine the true bearing of *A* from *C*.
  - **A.** 030° T
  - **B.** 110° T
  - **C.** 250° T
  - **D.** 290° T



- **18.** If  $7x^5 = 2.2$ , then *x* is closest to:
  - **A.** 0.0031
  - **B.** 0.16
  - **C.** 0.79
  - **D.** 7.36
- **19.** From a fridge containing 8 different cans of soft drink, Marco chooses two cans of soft drink.

How many different possible choices could he make?

- A. 2
  B. 16
  C. 28
- **D.** 56

**20.** The depreciation on my new laptop computer worth \$4000 can be found using the declining balance method. The table below shows the value of the laptop after a number of years.

Years	Salvage Value
0	\$4000
1	\$3200
2	\$2560
3	\$2048
4	\$1638.40
5	\$1310.72
6	\$1048.58
7	\$838.86
8	\$671.09
9	\$536.87
10	\$429.50

In which year will the laptop first be worth half of its original value?

- **A.** 2nd
- **B.** 3rd
- **C.** 4th
- **D.** 5th
- **21.** What is the angular distance between Perth (32°S, 116°E) and Beijing (40°N, 116°E)?
  - **A.** 0°
  - **B.** 8°
  - **C.** 72°
  - **D.** 116°
- **22.** The results of a Biology exam were normally distributed. Alison gained a *z*-score of -1.

What percentage of students scored better than Alison?

- **A.** 16%
- **B.** 34%
- **C.** 68%
- **D.** 84%

#### End of Section I

#### Question 23 (13 marks)

**a.** As part of a school garden project to beautify the grounds, the P and C are considering the construction of a fish pond. A sketch is shown below.



- **i.** Use Simpson's Rule to calculate the area of the pond's surface.
- ii. The pond has an even depth of 1.5 metres. Each fish introduced into the pond requires  $1.75 \text{ m}^3$  of water.

What is the maximum number of fish that can successfully be introduced into the pond?

**b.** At Harry's Car Repair Shop the cost c of car repairs is given by the formula:

$$c = 50 + p + 18t$$

where p is the cost in dollars of new parts and t is the time in hours spent on completing the repairs.

- i. Find the cost of repairs if new parts cost \$254 and the repairs take 2 hours.
  ii. If new parts cost \$222 and the total cost is \$351, how long did it take (to the nearest minute) to complete the repairs?
  1
- iii What does the garage charge per hour for time spent on repairs? 1

Question 23 continues on page 10

2

Interest rate	Monthly repayments on a \$1000 loan over				
	10 years	15 years	20 years	25 years	
8.25% p.a.	\$12.27	\$9.70	\$8.52	\$7.88	
8.50% p.a.	\$12.40	\$9.85	\$8.68	\$8.05	
8.75% p.a.	\$12.53	\$9.99	\$8.84	\$8.22	
9.00% p.a.	\$12.67	\$10.14	\$9.00	\$8.39	
9.25% p.a.	\$12.80	\$10.29	\$9.16	\$8.56	
9.50% p.a.	\$12.94	\$10.44	\$9.32	\$8.74	

**c.** The table shown below can be used to calculate home loan repayments.

Joanne's gross weekly income is \$700.

•

i.	Show that her monthly income, correct to the nearest dollar, is \$3033.	1
ii.	The bank will not allow loan repayments to be more than 30% of a customer's gross monthly income.	
	What is the maximum amount Joanne can repay per month?	1
iii.	What is the maximum amount (to the nearest \$1000) Joanne can borrow at 9.25% p.a. interest?	1
iv.	Joanne decides to purchase a unit worth \$105 000. She settles on a loan at 9.25% over 25 years.	
	Calculate her monthly repayment.	1
v.	How much in interest will Joanne pay over the term of the loan?	1
vi.	Approximately how many times more than the amount she borrowed will she have to repay the bank?	1

## Question 24 (13 marks) Use a SEPARATE answer booklet.

**a.** Anna wants to retire in 5 years time. She plans to set up a small business from her home. She estimates that this will cost around \$20 000 to set up.

How much must she invest today, at 12% p.a., compounding monthly, so that she will have \$20 000 after 5 years?

**b.** The following box and whisker plot shows the results that a class of 20 students achieved on their English test.



**ii.** Calculate the interquartile range

The results from the same class of students for a Mathematics test are displayed in the following stem and leaf plot: 4 16 0

4	0	9			
5	1	5	7	9	
6	2	3	6	8	
7	0	2	5	7	7
8	1	4	7		
9	4	7			

3

1

iii.	Find the median, lower quartile, upper quartile and the interquartile range for these results.	2
iv.	James scored 75 for Mathematics and 70 for English. Which is the better mark, relative to the class results? Explain.	2
The devi	same class sat two Science tests. The mean was 60% and the standard ation was 8% for the first test. Cindy scored 78%.	
i.	What z-score is equivalent to Cindy's mark?	1
ii	If John scored a mark of 52%, what percentage of students scored more than John on this test?	1
iii.	On her next test, Cindy scored 82%. This test had a mean of 65% and a standard deviation of 9%. On which test did Cindy perform the best? Give a reason for your answer	2

c.

#### Question 25 (13 marks)

Use a SEPARATE answer booklet.

**a.** The number of crimes during a 1 month period in two suburbs is recoded in the two-way table shown here.

	Use Sunscreen	Don't use sunscreen	Totals
Had a Melanoma during past year	14	?	60
No Melanoma during past year	?	4	?
Totals	60	50	?

- i. Copy the table into your answer booklet and fill in the missing entries 1
  ii. What percentage of people use sunscreen? 1
  iii. What is the probability that a person surveyed used sunscreen and did not have a melanoma during the last year? 1
- iv. "Using sunscreen prevents a person from developing a melanoma" Comment on this statement.
- **b.** The following graph shows the number of years that people of various ages are expected to survive.



#### **i.** Suggest an appropriate correlation coefficient?

- ii Estimate the number of years a 16 year old is expected to survive. 1[Use the line of best fit or other appropriate method]
- iii John has been told he can expect to live for another 15 years. What would you expect his current age to be?

#### Question 25 continues on page 13

1

1

**c.** Simplify 3x(y + x) - x(y - 3x).



**d.** The chart below shows the percentage of the total recycled materials for glass, plastic and paper over a four year period.

i.	What percentage of plastic was recycled in the second year?	1
ii.	Which material makes up most of the total recycled material?	1
iii.	Describe what has happened to the percentage of glass being recycled over the four year period.	2

#### Question 26 (13 marks)

Use a SEPARATE answer booklet.

**a.** In a large city hospital 80 patients had their eyesight tested. The results are summarised in the graph below.



i. Use the graph to estimate the median mark and the interquartile range of the 80 patients tested.

The lowest score was 19% and the highest score was 91%.

- **ii.** Construct a box-and-whisker plot to show the results.
- **b.** A man travels 30 km by train, from his home, A, into the city, B, on a bearing of 040°T. He then changes trains and travels due South for 16 km, to reach his place of work, C.



NOT TO SCALE

i.	Copy the diagram onto your answer sheet and <b>clearly</b> mark in all the given information.	1
ii.	Determine the angle <i>ABC</i> .	1
iii.	Calculate the length of the shortest distance between home and work.	2
iv	On what true bearing would he have to travel to take the direct route from <i>A</i> to <i>C</i> ?	1

#### **Question 26 continues on page 16**

City	Latitude	Longitude
Tokushima (Japan)	34°N	133°E
Sydney (Australia)	32°S	151°E
New York (USA)	41°N	74°W
Denver (USA)	$40^{\circ}N$	105°W

**c.** The table below shows the approximate co-ordinates for several world cities.

i. If it is 3 am in Tokushima, what time is it in Sydney?

#### ii. A car race between New York and Denver takes 31 hours. A car leaves Denver at 7 am on Wednesday morning.

Find the day and local time this car arrives in New York.

#### Question 27 (13 marks) Use a SEPARATE answer booklet.

- **a.** Franco knows his bank PIN (Personal Identification Number) has four digits and he knows the digits are 1, 3, 7 and 8, but he cannot remember the order.
  - i. How many different four-digit PINs are possible? 1
  - **ii.** What is the probability that Franko will be able to correctly guess his PIN?
- **b.** Mark needs to borrow some money to purchase a house. He has arranged a bank loan at 9.25% p.a. to be repaid over 20 years at \$640 per month.

Mark has some extra money and decides to increase his monthly repayment by \$100 per month to \$740 per month.

The graphs below show how his increased repayment per month shortened the length of the loan.



#### Effect of paying an extra \$100 per month

#### Question 27 continues on page 17

c.	A photo copier is purchased new for \$7500, this includes delivery and installation. The copier depreciates at a rate of 28% per annum.					
	i.	Use the declining balance method of depreciation to calculate the Salvage Value of the copier after five years. (to the nearest dollar)	1			
	ii.	Use the guess, check and refine method to calculate how long it will take to be worth less than \$3000 (in years correct to 1 decimal place).	2			
d.	Red	green colour blindness occurs in 8% of Australian males.				
d.	Red-	green colour blindness occurs in 8% of Australian males. What is the probability that an Australian male selected at random does not suffer from red-green colour blindness?	1			
d.	Red i. ii.	green colour blindness occurs in 8% of Australian males. What is the probability that an Australian male selected at random does not suffer from red-green colour blindness? Two Australian men are selected at random.	1			

#### Question 28 (13 marks)

Use a SEPARATE answer booklet.

a. Charlie is making a magazine holder for his home office.The holder has 4 sides and a base and is open at the top.The dimensions of the holder are shown on the diagram below.



NOT TO SCALE

- i. Draw a neat sketch of a possible net of the magazine holder.
  ii. Calculate the surface area of the holder.
  iii. The cost of making such a holder is based on the external surface area of the holder. If the cost of heavy duty coloured cardboard is \$2.99 per square metre, calculate the cost of making one of these magazine holders.
  2
- **b.** Tim is a local primary school teacher. His gross annual salary from teaching during 2006 was \$56 250. During this last financial year he paid \$8521 in PAYG tax. Tim also earned an extra \$580 from tutoring and interest payments. He had a total of \$2350 in allowable tax deductions.

Current Australian Income tax rates are shown in the table below.

Taxable Income	Tax on Taxable Income
\$1 - \$6000	Nil
\$6001 - \$25 000	15c for each \$1 over \$6000
\$25 001 - \$75 000	\$2850 plus 30c for each \$1 over \$25 000
\$75 001 - \$150 000	\$17 850 plus 40c for each \$1 over \$75 000
\$150 001 and over	\$47 850 plus 45c for each \$1 over \$150 000

#### Medicare levy is 1.5% of taxable income.

i.	Calculate Tim's taxable income.	1
ii.	Calculate the total tax payable on Tim's taxable income, including the Medicare levy.	2
iii.	Determine the amount that Tim should receive as a tax refund or the amount of Tim's tax debt.	
	Clearly indicate your final answer as refund or debt.	1

#### **Question 28 continues on page 19**

**c.** Alison drew a scale drawing of a plane table survey.



i.	Measure the side <i>OD</i> to determine what scale Alison used to draw the diagram.	1
ii.	Use a protractor to measure the size of angle AOD.	1
iii.	Calculate the actual length of AD correct to the nearest metre.	1
iv.	Calculate the area of triangle AOD to the nearest square metre.	1

## End of paper

# Formula Sheet

## Area of an annulus

 $A = \pi (R^2 - r^2)$ R = radius of outer circle r = radius of inner circle

## Area of an ellipse

 $A = \pi ab$ a = length of semi-major axis b = length of semi-minor axis

#### Area of a sector

 $A = \frac{\theta}{360} \times \pi r^2$ 

 $\theta$  = number of degrees in central angle

## Arc length of a circle

 $l = \frac{\theta}{360} \times 2\pi r$ 

 $\theta$  = number of degrees in central angle

# Simpson's rule for area approximation

$$A \approx \frac{h}{3}(d_f + 4d_m + d_l)$$

h = distance between successive measurements  $d_f =$  first measurement

 $d_m$  = middle measurement

 $d_l$  = last measurement

#### Surface Area

Sphere  $A = 4\pi r^2$ Closed cylinder  $A = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$ 

r =radius h =perpendicular height

#### Volume

Cone

Cylinder

Pyramid

Sphere

 $V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3}$ 

 $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ 

 $V = \pi r^2 h$ 

r = radius h = perpendicular height A = area of base

#### Sine rule

 $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$ 

## Area of a triangle

$$A = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$$

## **Cosine rule**

 $c^{2} = a^{2} + b^{2} - 2ab\cos C$  $\cos C = \frac{a^{2} + b^{2} - c^{2}}{2ab}$ 

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or

## Simple interest

I = P rn P = principal r = percentage interest rate per period, expressed as a decimaln = number of periods

#### **Compound interest**

 $A = P(1+r)^n$ 

- A =final balance
- P = principal
- n = number of compounding periods
- r = percentage interest rate per compounding period, expressed as a decimal

## Future value (A) of an annuity

$$A = M \left\{ \frac{(1+r)^n - 1}{r} \right\}$$

M = contribution per period, paid at the end of the period

# Present value (N) of an annuity

$$N = M \left\{ \frac{(1+r)^n - 1}{r(1+r)^n} \right\}$$
$$N = \frac{A}{(1+r)^n}$$

#### Straight-line formula for depreciation

$$S = V_0 - Dn$$

S = salvage value of asset after n periods

 $V_0 = initial value$ 

or

D = amount of depreciation apportioned per period

n = number of periods

# Declining balance formula for depreciation

$$S = V_0 (1 - r)^n$$

- S = salvage value of asset after n periods
- r = percentage interest rate per period, expressed as a decimal

#### Mean of a sample

$$\overline{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n}$$
  
or 
$$\overline{x} = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

x = individual score  $\overline{x} =$  mean n = number of scores f = frequency

## Formula for a z-score

$$z = \frac{x - \overline{x}}{s}$$

s = standard deviation

## Gradient of a straight line

 $m = \frac{\text{vertical change in position}}{\text{horizontal change in position}}$ 

# Gradient-intercept form of a straight line

y = mx + bm = gradient b = y-intercept

## Probability of an event

The probability of an event where outcomes are equally likely is given by:

 $P(\text{event}) = \frac{\text{number of favourable outcomes}}{\text{total number of outcomes}}$ 

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# **Multiple Choice Answer Sheet**

Candidate Name:\_

Teacher's Name:

Instructions: Circle the letter which corresponds to the answer of your choice

1	А	В	С	D
2	А	В	С	D
3	А	В	С	D
4	А	В	С	D
5	А	В	С	D
6	А	В	С	D
7	А	В	С	D
8	А	В	С	D
9	А	В	С	D
10	А	В	С	D
11	А	В	С	D
12	А	В	С	D
13	А	В	С	D
14	А	В	С	D
15	А	В	С	D
16	А	В	С	D
17	А	В	С	D
18	А	В	С	D
19	А	В	С	D
20	А	В	С	D
21	А	В	С	D
22	А	В	С	D

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#### Section 1: Multiple Choice (22 marks)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
С	D	D	B	Α	D	С	Α	B	B	С
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
С	Α	Α	В	B	С	С	С	С	С	D

## Section II (78 marks)

**Question 23 (13 marks)** 

	Marks						
(a) i.	(a) i. Area of pond = $\frac{5}{3}(7.2 + 4 \ 8.5 + 3.8) = 75 \ \text{m}^2$						
ii.	ii. Volume of pond = $Ah = 75 \times 1.5 = 112.5 \text{ m}^3$						
	Maximum number of fish = $112.5 \div 1.75 = 64.29$						
	Hence, the maximum number of fish that can placed into the pond successfully is <b>64</b> .						
(b)	i	$c = 50 \text{ m} + 254 + 18 \times 2$ c = 340 Cost of repairs is <b>\$340</b>	1				
	ii	351 = 50 + 222 + 18t 18t = 79 t = 4.4	1				
	iii	It took <b>4</b> · <b>4 hours</b> to complete the repairs Hourly charge is <b>\$18</b>	1				
		Criteria	Marks				

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(c) i.	Monthly income = $700 \times 52 \div 12 = $ \$3033 as required	1
ii.	Maximum she can repay = $3033 \times 0.30 =$ <b>\$909.90</b>	1
iii.	Max. she could borrow would be <b>\$106 000</b> over 25 years at 9.25%	1
iv.	Monthly repayment = $105\ 000 \div 1000 \times 8.56 =$ <b>\$898.80</b>	1
v.	Total paid over loans term = $898.80 \times 12 \times 25 = $269640$	
	Interest paid = 269 640 - 70 000 = <b>\$164 640</b>	
vi	$269.640 \pm 105.000 - 2.568$	1
¥1.	i.e. she repaid almost <b>2.5 times</b> as much as she initially borrowed	1

## Question 24 (13 marks

		Criteria	Marks
(a)	]	$N = \frac{A}{(1+r)^{n}} \text{ here we use } A = 20\ 000, \ r = 12 \div 100 \div 12 = 0.01$ $n = 5 \times 12 = 60$ Hence, $N = \frac{20000}{(1+0.01)^{60}} = \$11\ 009$	1 correct form 1 correct value 1 final ans.
(b)	i. ii	Range = $99 - 39 = 60$ (Each end point $\pm 0.5$ ) Interquartile range = $67 - 51.5 = 15.5$ (Each quartile $\pm 0.5$ )	1
	iii.	Median = $69$ Q1 = $58$ Q3 = $79$ Interquartile range = $21$	¹∕₂ mark each
	iv.	John scored better in <b>English</b> . His English mark was <b>above the upper quartile value</b> , meaning that he is in the top 25% of the class. In mathematics he is just <b>less than the upper quartile value</b> .	1 mark for English 1 mark for explanation

		Criteria	Marks
c.	i.	Cindy's mark is equivalent to: $z = \frac{x - \overline{x}}{s}$	
		$z = \frac{78 - 60}{8}$	
		<i>z</i> = 2·25	1
	ii.	John : $z = \frac{52 - 60}{8} = -1$	
		Therefore $34 + 50 = 84\%$ of scores higher	1
	iii.	$z = \frac{82 - 65}{9} = 1.8$	<sup>1</sup> ⁄2 mark calculating z-score
		Cindy performed <b>better on her first t</b> est as the score was <b>more than 2 standard deviations above the mean</b> , whilst in her second test it was <b>less than 2 standard deviations above the mean</b> .	<sup>1</sup> /2 mark stating first test better 1 mark reason

## Question 25 (13 marks)

	Marks					
(a) i	•					
			Use Sunscreen	Don't use sunscreen	Totals	
Ha du	d a M ring p	lelanoma ast year	14	46	60	
No du	Mela ring p	noma ast year	46	4	50	
Tot	tals		60	50	110	1
<ul> <li>ii. 60% use sunscreen</li> <li>iii. 46% used sunscreen and did</li> <li>iv. Using sunscreen does seem to of those surveyed who had a use sunscreen (46%). Those to develop a melanoma (14%)</li> <li>(b) i. Accept coefficient great</li> <li>ii. Approx 58 years ± 2 year</li> </ul>			n and did not have bes seem to help provide the had a melanom b). Those who used oma (14%) ent greater than – rs $\pm 2$ years 65 years old $\pm 2$ years	a melanoma event melanomas. The la ha were among those wh sunscreen were much la <b>-1 and less than –0.5</b> ears	argest % to did not ess likely	1 1 1 1 1 1 1
						1
(c)	3 <i>x</i>	(y+x) - x(y-3x)	$= 3xy + 3x^2 - xy + 3x^2 - xy + 6x^2 + 2xy$	$-3x^2$		1
(d)	i.	approx. 16%				1
	ii.	Paper				1
	iii.	The percentage second year but	of glass being recy has <b>fallen</b> every y	rcled <b>increased slightly</b> ear since.	in the	2

#### **Question 26 (13 marks)**



Saint Ignatius' College

	Criteria	Marks
(c) i.	Angular difference = $151 - 133 = 18^{\circ}$	
	: time difference is = $18 \times 4 = 72$ minutes	1
	Now, Sydney is East of Tokushima, so ADD time on.	
	Hence, time in Sydney is <b>4:12 am</b>	1
ii.	Angular difference = $105 - 74 = 31^{\circ}$ $\therefore$ time difference is = $31 \times 4 = 124$ minutes (2 hr 4 min)	1
	Now, New York is East of Denver, so ADD time on.	
	Now, adding on 31 hours driving time gives 2 pm Thursday. Hence, time in New York will be <b>4:04 pm on Thursday</b> .	1

## Question 27 (13 marks)

Criteria		Marks
(a) i.	$4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 24$ ways PIN are possible	1
	1	
ii.	P(get correct PIN) = $\frac{1}{24}$	1
(b) i.	\$70 000	1
ii.	<b>Owes \$40 000</b> $(13 \times 12 = 156 \text{ months})$	1
iii.	Approx. 6 years240 months is 20 years, 168 months is 14 years	1
iv.	Saving = $640$ /month repayments - $740$ /month repayments = $640 \times 12 \times 20 - 740 \times 12 \times 14$	1
	= 153 600 - 124 320 = <b>\$29 280</b>	1

	Criteria		Marks
(c) i.			
	$S = V_0(1-r)^n$		1
	$S = 7500(0.72)^5$		-
	S = \$1451.19	To nearest \$, <b>S</b> = <b>\$1451</b>	
ii.	$S = V_0(1-r)^n$	Try $n = 3$ , $S = 0.37$ n = 2, $S = 0.52$	
	$3000 = 7500(0.72)^n$	Between 2 and 3	2
	$0.4 = 0.72^{n}$	n = 2.5, S = 0.44 n = 2.8, S = 0.40	
	<i>n</i> = 2.8	$\therefore$ n = 2.8 years	
(d) i.	$\frac{23}{25}$ or 92 %		1
ii. P(neither suffer) = $\frac{23}{25} \times \frac{23}{25}$		1	
	$=\frac{529}{625}$ or <b>0.84</b>	64 or 84.64%	1

## Question 28 (13 marks)

Criteria	Marks
(a) i.	1
$ \begin{array}{c}     28 \\     8 \\     28 \\     30 \\     8 \\     12 \\     12 \end{array} $	
ii. TSA = 2 trapeziums left and right + rectangle on bottom + rectangle at front + rectangle at back	le
$= 2 \times \frac{30}{2}(28 + 12) + 30 \times 8 + 8 \times 12 + 8 \times 28$	1
= 1200 + 240 + 96 + 224	1
$= 1760 \text{ cm}^2$	1
iii. Costing = $1760 \div 10000 \text{ (for } m^2) \times \$2.99$ = $\$0.53$	conversion 1 answer
(b) i. Taxable income = $56\ 250 + 580 - 2350$	
= \$54 480	1
ii. Medicare levy = $54\ 480 \times 1.5 \div 100 = \$817.20$ Tax payable = $2850 + (54\ 480 - 25\ 000) \times 0.30$ = $2850 + 29\ 480 \times 0.30$ = $2850 + 8844$	1
= \$11 694	
Hence, total tax payable is <b>\$12 511.20</b> (11 694 + 817.20)	1
iii. Tim owes in tax \$12 511.20, only paid \$8521 so (12 511.20 – 8521)	)
leaves Tim with a <b>tax debt of \$3990.20</b> .	1
(c) i. By measurement, $OD$ is $60 \pm 5$ mm	
60 mm : 30 m 2 mm : 1 m Saint Ignatius' College 8 Conceral Mathematics Trial Fa	cam 2006

2 mm : 1000 mm	
1:500	1
ii. $\angle AOD \approx 97^{\circ}$	1
iii. $AD^2 = 27^2 + 30^2 - 2 \times 27 \times 30 \times \cos 97^\circ$	
$AD = \sqrt{1826.428}$	
AD = 43  m	1
iv. Area $\Delta AOD = \frac{1}{2}$ absinC	1
$=\frac{1}{2}\times27\times30\times\sin 97^{\circ}$	
$= 402 m^2$	1