## 2010 STELLA MARIS COLLEGE TRIAL HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE



## General Mathematics

## General Instructions

- Reading time -5 minutes
- Working time - $21 / 2$ hours
- Write using blue or black pen
- Approved Calculators may be used
- Write your Student Number and Teacher's name at the top of relevant pages as indicated
- A Formulae Sheet is provided at the back of this paper

Section I Pages 2-9
Total marks (22)

- Attempt Questions 1 - 22
- Allow about 30 minutes for this section

Section II pages 10 - 19
Total marks (78)

- Attempt Questions 23-28
- Allow about 2 hours for this section


## Section I

Total marks (22)
Attempt Questions 1 - 22
Allow about 30 minutes for this section
Use the Multiple-Choice Answer sheet provided

1 The number 386.956 correct to two significant figures is:
(A) 39
(B) 386.95
(C) 386.96
(D) 390

2 Sylvie had a spherical candle mould whose volume was exactly one litre.
What was the radius of the mould in cm (correct to 1 decimal place)?
(A) 6.2
(B) 13.3
(C) 238.7
(D) 2356.2
$3 \frac{3.216 \times 10^{6}}{4.8 \times 10^{6}+2.1 \times 10^{3}}$ is nearest to:
(A) $2.1 \times 10^{3}$
(B) $1.54 \times 10^{6}$
(C) $6.6 \times 10^{-1}$
(D) $6.7 \times 10^{-1}$

4 A web designer earns $\$ 500$ per week plus $\$ 150$ commission for every website she designs. What is the minimum number of websites she must design in 4 weeks to earn at least $\$ 5000$ ?
(A) 8
(B) 20
(C) 34
(D) 80

5 The back to back stem and leaf plot below shows the number of downloads per day of two bands "Antz" and "Psycho" from a certain site over a two week period.

Which statement is true when comparing the data for the daily number of downloads?

| Antz |  |  |  |  | Stem | Psycho |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 7 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 5 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 8 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(A) Antz had a higher mode than Psycho.
(B) Psycho had a higher mode than Antz.
(C) Antz had the higher range than Psycho.
(D) Psycho had the higher range than Antz.

6 John scored 120, 140, 180, 160 and 140 out of 200 in his first five tests. He needs to maintain a mean of 150 or above to remain in his university class. What must he score in his sixth test to have a mean of 150 ?
(A) 76
(B) 150
(C) 160
(D) 192
$7 \quad$ Kenny scored the following results in four tests: 70, 32, 29 and 80.
The following week he repeated the four tests and recorded an improvement of 5 marks in each test.

Which of the following statements will be true?
(A) The mean increases and the standard deviation remains the same
(B) The mean increases and the standard deviation will increase by 5
(C) The mean increases and the standard deviation will decrease by 5
(D) The mean and standard deviation will remain unchanged

8 The following table shows the fuel capacity and distance per litre of four cars.

| CAR | TANK CAPACITY <br> (Litres) | DISTANCE PER LITRE <br> (Kilometres) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Camry | 65 | 11 |
| Commodore | 73 | 8 |
| Falcon | 80 | 7 |
| Magna | 64 | 12 |

Which car would go furthest on a full tank?
(A) Camry
(B) Commodore
(C) Falcon
(D) Magna

9 The heights of the students in a school are normally distributed with a mean of 150 cm and a standard deviation of 15 cm . What percentage of students are more than 180 cm tall?
(A) $95 \%$
(B) $5 \%$
(C) $1 \%$
(D) $2.5 \%$


NOT TO SCALE

The correct value for x is:
(A) $x=23.6^{2}+21.5^{2}-2 \times 23.6 \times 21.5 \cos 120^{\circ}$
(B) $x=\sqrt{23.6^{2}+21.5^{2}-2 \times 23.6 \times 21.5 \cos 120^{\circ}}$
(C) $x=\frac{23.6 \sin 120^{\circ}}{\sin 44^{\circ}}$
(D) $x=\frac{21.5 \sin 44^{\circ}}{\sin 120^{\circ}}$

11 Simplify $\frac{12 a^{4} b^{3} \times 5 a^{2} b^{3}}{15 a^{2} b^{3}}$
(A) $4 a^{4} b^{2}$
(B) $4 a^{4} b^{3}$
(C) $4 a^{3} b^{2}$
(D) $4 a^{3} b^{3}$

12 The following table shows the income tax payable by Australian residents for the 2006-2007 financial year.

| Taxable Income (\$) | Tax payable on taxable income. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1-6000$ | nil |
| $6001-30000$ | 15 c for each $\$ 1$ over $\$ 6000$ |
| $30001-75000$ | $\$ 3600+30$ c for each $\$ 1$ over $\$ 30000$ |
| $75001-150000$ | $\$ 17100+40$ c for each $\$ 1$ over $\$ 75000$ |
| 150001 and over | $\$ 47000+45$ c for each $\$ 1$ over $\$ 150000$ |

Carl earned \$56 200 during the 2006-2007 financial year. His allowable tax deductions were \$4 200

How much income tax did he have to pay?
(A) $\$ 3600$
(B) $\$ 10200$
(C) $\$ 11460$
(D) $\$ 18200$

13 A set of scores has a mean of 58 and a standard deviation of 4.8. What mark corresponds to a Z-score of 2.5 ?
(A) 70
(B) 75
(C) 80
(D) 85

14 What equation represents the relationship between $x$ and $y$ in the following table?

| $x$ | -4 | -1 | 2 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |

(A) $y=3 x-1$
(B) $y=3 x+1$
(C) $y=\frac{x+1}{3}$
(D) $x=3 y+1$

15 This concrete block is used in a backyard garden.
The volume of the block is:
(A) $1969.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(B) $34110 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(C) $59085 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(D) $65520 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$


16 Players in a sports competition are asked to write down their heights. Which of the following best describes these data?
(A) Continuous
(B) Stratified
(C) Categorical
(D) Discrete

17 The table shows the number of students in each year of a school.

| Year | Number of students |
| :--- | :--- |
| 7 | 202 |
| 8 | 240 |
| 9 | 210 |
| 10 | 232 |
| 11 | 174 |
| 12 | 142 |

100 students from the school are to be surveyed. On a proportional basis, how many Year 8 students should be surveyed?
(A) 16
(B) 18
(C) 20
(D) 40

18 Sally takes out a loan of $\$ 4500$ to buy a computer. Interest is charged at a flat rate of $10 \%$ p.a. and Sally repays the loan over 3 years.
What is the total amount that Sally will repay?
(A) $\$ 4545$
(B) $\$ 1350$
(C) $\$ 5900$
(D) $\$ 5850$

19 Burke Street is 650 m long. What would be its length on a map with a scale of 1:5000?
(A) 1.3 mm
(B) 13 mm
(C) 130 mm
(D) 1300 mm

20 Simplify $12-3(2 x-2)$
(A) $14-6 x$
(B) $6-6 x$
(C) $-6 x+6$
(D) $18-6 x$

21 Kim borrowed \$300 000 to buy a house. She is paying it off monthly at an interest rate of $7.5 \%$ p.a. compounded monthly. The payments for the first 3 months are shown in the table below.

| No. of <br> months <br> (N) | Principal (P) | Interest (I) | P + I | P + I - R <br> R = repayment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 300000 | 1875.00 | 301875.00 | 299775.00 |
| 2 | 299775.00 | 1873.59 | 301648.59 | 299548.59 |
| 3 | 299548.59 | 1872.18 | 301420.77 | 299320.77 |
| 4 | 299320.77 | X | Y | Z |

The values for $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z are
(A) $\mathrm{X}=\$ 224490.58, \mathrm{Y}=\$ 523811.34, \mathrm{Z}=\$ 521711.35$
(B) $\quad \mathrm{X}=\$ 2870.75, \mathrm{Y}=\$ 302191.52, \mathrm{Z}=\$ 309091.52$
(C) $\mathrm{X}=\$ 4870.75, \mathrm{Y}=\$ 601191.52, \mathrm{Z}=\$ 320091.52$
(D) $\quad \mathrm{X}=\$ 1870.75, \mathrm{Y}=\$ 301191.52, \mathrm{Z}=\$ 299091.52$

A scatter plot of pain (as reported by patients) compared to the dosage of a drug is shown below.


How could you describe the correlation between the pain and the dosage?
(A) A strong positive correlation.
(B) A strong negative correlation
(C) A weak positive correlation.
(D) No correlation.

## Section II

Total marks (78)
Attempt Questions 23-28
Allow about 2 hours for this section
Start each question on a SEPARATE page/ booklet.
All necessary working should be shown in every question
Question 23 (13 marks) Use a separate booklet
Marks
(a) This table shows the repayment per $\$ 1000$ on a monthly reducible loan.

| Term <br> in <br> years | $7 \%$ | $7.25 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $7.75 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $8.25 \%$ | $8.5 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 19.8012 | 19.9194 | 20.0379 | 20.1570 | 20.2765 | 20.3963 | 20.5164 |
| 10 | 11.6108 | 11.7401 | 11.8702 | 12.0011 | 12.1328 | 12.2653 | 12.3985 |
| 15 | 8.9883 | 9.1286 | 9.2701 | 9.4128 | 9.5566 | 9.7014 | 9.8474 |
| 20 | 7.7530 | 7.9036 | 8.0559 | 8.2095 | 8.3644 | 8.5207 | 8.6782 |
| 25 | 7.0678 | 7.2281 | 7.3899 | 7.5533 | 7.7182 | 7.8875 | 8.0522 |
| 30 | 6.6530 | 6.8218 | 6.9921 | 7.1641 | 7.3377 | 7.5127 | 7.6891 |

(i) Use the table above to find the monthly repayment per $\$ 1000$ on a loan borrowed at 7\% for 20 years.
(ii) Calculate the monthly repayment on a loan of $\$ 60000$ at $7 \%$ over 20 years.
(iii) Calculate the total amount repaid over the 20 year loan for the $\$ 60000$ borrowed.
(iv) Determine how much interest was paid after the loan of $\$ 60000$ was fully paid in 20 years at 7\% p.a.
(b) The diagram below shows an area of land bounded by a river and fences.


Fence

Use TWO applications of Simpson's rule to find the approximate area of this land.
(c) The market value for Comlec shares is $\$ 25.50$. Calculate the dividend yield if the company pays a dividend of $\$ 2.20$ a share (correct to 2 decimal places).
(d) Calculate the value of $\theta$ in the triangle below (correct to the nearest minute).


Question 24 (13 marks) Use a separate booklet

Marks

(a) A spinner in a game has 12 equal sized sectors which are coloured Blue (B), Red (R) Green (G) or Yellow (Y) as shown in the diagram. It is spun a single time.

(i) What colour is the spinner most likely to land on?
(ii) Which colours are equally likely?
(iii) What is the probability the spinner will not land on a green sector?
(b) Roy travels in his jet from his home at $\mathrm{A}\left(15^{\circ} \mathrm{N}, 120^{\circ} \mathrm{E}\right)$ to his brother's place at $\mathrm{B}\left(45^{\circ} \mathrm{S}, 30^{\circ} \mathrm{W}\right)$.
(i) When it is 12 noon on Friday in Roy's home, what time should it be in his brother's place? (ignoring time zones)?
(ii) The journey from Roy's home to his brother's place takes 18 hours. If Roy arrives at his brother's place on Friday at 10 pm , what time did he leave his home?
(c) A bank has three different types of savings accounts, as described in the table.

|  | Type A | Type B | Type C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Account service fees per month: <br> - if minimum monthly balance stays at or above $\$ 450$ <br> - if balance drops below $\$ 450$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nil } \\ \$ 4.00 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 5.00 \\ & \$ 5.00 \end{aligned}$ | Nil Nil |
| Number of fee-free transactions per month | 20 | Unlimited | 8 |
| Fee per transaction over the free limit | 90 cents | Nil | 90 cents |

Jackie has a type A account. In March, her minimum balance was $\$ 280$, and she made twenty one transactions.
(i) Calculate the fee she was charged for March.
(ii) In any month, Jackie normally has between $\$ 200$ and $\$ 300$ in the bank.

She usually makes about 22 transactions each month. Explain which account Jackie should choose at this bank in order to minimise fees, showing appropriate calculations to support your answer.
(d) The table below shows the results of a phone survey of the voting intentions of 200 people chosen from the local phone book.

|  | Male | Female | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Liberal | 40 | 17 | 57 |
| Labor | 45 | 16 | 61 |
| Other | 70 | 12 | 82 |
| Total | 155 | 45 | 200 |

(i) What percentage of females said they would vote Labor (to the nearest whole number)?
(ii) What is the ratio of Liberal to Labor voters among the males, in simplest form?
(iii) This poll is not a good random sample of the voting population.

Outline one reason for this.
(a) The growth of bacteria in a colony is given by the equation: $\mathrm{N}=600(1.04)^{\mathrm{t}}$, where n is the number of bacteria in the colony and ' t ' is the time in months.
(i) Find the number of bacteria in the colony initially.
(ii) Calculate the number of bacteria in the colony after 4 months.
(iii) At what rate is the number of bacteria in the colony increasing.
(b) The formula for the volume of a cone is $v=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$ where $\mathrm{V}=$ volume, $\mathrm{h}=$ height and $\mathrm{r}=$ radius
(i) Show that the radius of the cone is $r=\sqrt{\frac{3 \mathrm{~V}}{\pi \mathrm{~h}}}$
(ii) Calculate the radius of the base of a cone (correct to 2 decimal places) that is 20 cm high and has a volume of $200 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.
(c) The following diagram shows the area of a paddock, which is made up of a semi-circle and a trapezium.


Find the perimeter of the paddock (correct to 1 decimal place).
(d) Alma's car rentals charges a cost (C) of \$120 per day for the hire of a car plus an insurance fee of $\$ 80$. Let $n$ be the number of days.
(i) Write the formula for the cost C of hiring a car for n days.
(ii) Jenny hired a car and her total bill was $\$ 1520$. How many days did Jenny hire the car for?
(e) Solve for $x \quad \frac{2(x-1)}{3}=\frac{3 x+3}{4}$
(a) A ship S is $\mathrm{N} 25^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ and 12 nautical miles from a tower L . A tanker T , is $\mathrm{N} 38^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ and 7 nautical miles from the tower.

(i) Draw the above diagram into your writing book and label the information given.
(ii) Find the distance of the ship to the tanker (correct to 2 decimal places).
(iii) Find the bearing, to the nearest degree, of the ship from the tanker.
(b) The surveyor's notebook entries for the temporary car park at a local shopping centre are shown below.

$|$| D |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 80 |  |
| 30 | 120 C |
| 0 | 80 B |

A
(i) Draw a sketch of the car park.
(ii) $\quad(\alpha) \quad$ Find the perimeter (in metres) of the car park.
( $\beta$ ) A security fence is to be built around the car park. The security fence comes in 3-metre sections and costs \$25 each. Calculate the total cost of this security fence. (Correct to the nearest dollar)
(iii) Calculate the area of the temporary car park.
(iv) The concrete for the car park is to be 0.15 m thick. How much concrete (in $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) will be needed to cover the car park?

Question 27 (13 marks) Use a separate booklet
(a) The radar chart below compares the usage of Natural Gas by two families over a year.

The Smith and Jones Family
Gas Consumption in 2009

(i) One family used Gas for cooking and heating and the other for cooking only. Determine which family used gas for heating and explain your choice.
(ii) The Jones family went away for six weeks during the year. During which months was this?
(iii) The Smith family had a larger mean and larger standard deviation for their monthly gas usage than the Jones family. Using the information on the graph explain why the Smith families results are the larger for these two measures.
(b) John purchases a car for \$53200 and uses the declining balance method to depreciate at $10 \%$ p.a.
(i) From the table below calculate the values of X and Y

| Years | Amount of depreciation <br> $(\$)$ | Salvage value (\$) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 53200 |
| 1 | 5320 | 47880 |
| 2 | X | Y |

(ii) When will the car be worth $\$ 30000$, to the nearest tenth of a year?
(c) The table below compares the mean and standard deviation of the times (in minutes) of male and female athletes in a club on their 20 km training run. The times for both males and females are distributed normally.

| Sex | Mean Time | Standard Deviation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Male | 60.2 | 5.8 |
| Female | 62.5 | 3.6 |

(i) Melissa runs 20 km in 55.3 minutes. Convert her time to a z-score.
(ii) Jason runs 20 km in 54.4 minutes. What percentage of males had a lesser time than Jason?
(iii) Did Melissa or Jason perform better in comparison to the other members of their respective sex? Explain your answer.
(d) Heather, who lives at Broken Hill, looks up the latitude and longitude information shown in the table below.

| Location | Latitude | Longitude |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Broken Hill (NSW) | $32^{\circ} \mathrm{S}$ | $141^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ |
| Glasgow (UK) | $56^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ | $4^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ |
| Sapporo (Japan) | $43^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ | $141^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$ |

(i) Heather has an internet pen friend in Sapporo, Japan. What is the angular distance between their home towns?
(ii) Given that $1^{\circ}$ subtends 60 nautical miles and that 1 nautical mile $=1.852 \mathrm{~km}$, how many kilometres apart are their home towns?
(a) Bill invested $\$ 800$ at the end of every 6 months for 10 years, in an account which earned compound interest of $2 \%$ per half year.
(i) Show that the value of Bill's investment at the end of 10 years was $\$ 19437.90$.
(ii) What single amount of money would Bill have to invest for 10 years, earning $2 \%$ per half year compound interest, for it to have a value of $\$ 19437.90$.
(b) Scientists have shown that the mass $(m)$ in grams of an egg varies directly with the cube of its length ( $l$ ) in cm .

An egg 6 cm in length has a mass of 84 grams.
(i) Write an equation connecting $m$ and $l \longrightarrow 2$
(ii) Find the mass of an egg with a length of 5 cm , correct to 1 decimal place.
(iii) Find the length of an egg with a mass of 60 grams (correct to 1 decimal place).
(c) A shield used in a school play is an elliptical prism 2 cm thick with dimensions as shown in the diagram below. It has a raised cone on its face which has a radius of 40 cm and height of 4 cm .
If the handle has a volume of $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$, and the shield is completely solid, what is the total volume of the shield, including the handle (correct to 1 decimal place).

(d) Regina is doing research on the relationship between musical and scientific ability. She tested 20 students on both skills and graphed the results on a scatterplot, then drew a line of best fit.

(i) Explain why the line Regina drew is not a median regression line.
(ii) Give the equation of the line that Regina drew.

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## GENERAL MATHEMATICS

FORMULAE SHEET

## Area of an annulus

$A=\pi\left(R^{2}-r^{2}\right)$
$R=$ radius of outer circle
$r=$ radius of inner circle

## Area of an ellipse

$A=\pi a b$
$a=$ length of semi-major axis
$b=$ length of semi-minor axis

## Area of a sector

$A=\frac{\theta}{360} \pi r^{2}$
$\theta=$ number of degrees in central angle

## Arc length of a circle

$l=\frac{\theta}{360} 2 \pi r$
$\theta=$ number of degrees in central angle

## Simpson's rule for area approximation

$$
A \approx \frac{h}{3}\left(d_{f}+4 d_{m}+d_{l}\right)
$$

$h=$ distance between successive measurements
$d_{f}=$ first measurement
$d_{m}=$ middle measurement
$d_{l}=$ last measurement

## Surface area

Sphere

$$
A=4 \pi r^{2}
$$

Closed cylinder $\quad A=2 \pi r h+2 \pi r^{2}$
$r=$ radius
$h=$ perpendicular height

## Volume

Cone $\quad V=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$
Cylinder $\quad V=\pi r^{2} h$
Pyramid $\quad V=\frac{1}{3} A h$
Sphere $\quad V=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$
$r=$ radius
$h=$ perpendicular height
$A=$ area of base

Sine rule
$\frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}$

## Area of a triangle

$A=\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$

## Cosine rule

$$
c^{2}=a^{2}+b^{2}-2 a b \cos C
$$

or
$\cos C=\frac{a^{2}+b^{2}-c^{2}}{2 a b}$

## Simple interest

$I=\operatorname{Pr} n$
$P=$ initial quantity
$r=$ percentage interest rate per period, expressed as a decimal
$n$ = number of periods

## Compound interest

$A=P(1+r)^{n}$
$A=$ final balance
$P=$ initial quantity
$r=$ percentage interest rate per compounding period, expressed as a decimal

Future value ( $A$ ) of an annuity

$$
A=M\left[\frac{(1+r)^{n}-1}{r}\right]
$$

$M=$ contribution per period, paid at the end of the period

Present value $(N)$ of an annuity

$$
N=M\left[\frac{(1+r)^{n}-1}{r(1+r)^{n}}\right]
$$

or
$N=\frac{A}{(1+r)^{n}}$

## Straight-line formula for depreciation

$$
S=V_{0}-D n
$$

$S=$ salvage value of asset after $n$ periods
$V_{0}=$ purchase price of the asset
$D=$ amount of depreciation apportioned per period
$n=$ number of periods

## Declining balance formula for depreciation

$S=V_{0}(1-r)^{n}$
$S=$ salvage value of asset after $n$ periods
$r=$ percentage interest rate per period, expressed as a decimal

## Mean of a sample

$\bar{x}=\frac{\sum x}{n}$
$\bar{x}=\frac{\sum f x}{\sum f}$
$\bar{x}=$ mean
$x=$ individual score
$n=$ number of scores
$f=$ frequency

## Formula for a $z$-score

$z=\frac{x-\bar{x}}{s}$
$s=$ standard deviation

## Gradient of a straight line

$m=\frac{\text { vertical change in position }}{\text { horizontal change in position }}$

## Gradient-intercept form of a straight line

$y=m x+b$
$m=$ gradient
$b=y$ - intercept

## Probability of an event

The probability of an event where outcomes are equally likely is given by:
$P($ event $)=$ number of favourable outcomes total number of outcomes

2010 General Maths Trial Solutions:
Multiple Choice

1. D

$$
386.956=390 \text { (2 signifieart figures) }
$$

2. A

$$
\begin{array}{rlrl}
V & =\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3} & I L & =1000 \mathrm{~mL} \\
1000 & =\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times r^{3} & 1000 \mathrm{~mL} & =1000 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} \\
750 & =\pi r^{3} & & \\
r^{3} & =238.732 \ldots \\
r & =6.2(1 \mathrm{dp}) &
\end{array}
$$

3. D

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =0.669707 \ldots \\
& =67 \times 10^{-1}
\end{aligned}
$$

4. B

$$
\begin{aligned}
5000 & =(500 \times 4)+150 \mathrm{~W} \\
3000 & =150 \mathrm{w} \\
w & =20
\end{aligned}
$$

5. $A$

Ant

- Mode $=26$

Psycho

- Mode $=26$
- Range $=30$
- Mode $=15$
- Range $=30$

6. C

$$
\begin{aligned}
150 & =\frac{120+140+180+160+140+x}{6} \\
900 & =740+x \\
x & =160
\end{aligned}
$$

7. A
8. 

D
Camry $=65 \times 11=715 \mathrm{~km}$
Commodore $=73 \times 8=584 \mathrm{~km}$
Falcon $=80 \times 7=560 \mathrm{~km}$
Magna $=64 \times 12=768 \mathrm{~km}$
9. D

10. $B$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x^{2}=23.6^{2}+21.5^{2}-2 \times 23.6 \times 21.5 \cos 120 \\
& x=\sqrt{23.6^{2}+21.5^{2}-2 \times 23.6 \times 21.5 \cos 120}
\end{aligned}
$$

11. $B$

$$
\frac{42 a^{4} b^{3} \times b a^{2} b^{8}}{15 a^{2} b^{3}}=4 a^{4} b^{3}
$$

12. B
taxable income $=56200-4200$

$$
=\$ 52000
$$

Income $\operatorname{tax}=3600+(0.3(52000-30000))$

$$
=\$ 10200
$$

13. $A$

$$
\begin{aligned}
z & =\frac{x-x}{5} \\
2.5 & =\frac{x-58}{4.8} \\
12 & =x-58 \\
x & =70
\end{aligned}
$$

14. $C$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y=\frac{1}{3} x+\frac{1}{3} \\
& y=\frac{x+1}{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

15. C

$$
\begin{aligned}
V & =A h \\
& =\frac{1}{2} \times 39 \times(56+45) \times 30 \\
& =59085 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

16. A continuous (quantitative data)
17. C

$$
\frac{240}{1200} \times 100=20
$$

18. D

$$
\begin{aligned}
1 & =4500 \times 0.1 \times 3 \\
& =1350 \\
\text { Total } & =4500+1350 \\
& =\$ 5850
\end{aligned}
$$

19. C

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{1}{5000} \frac{5000}{5000} & 0.13 \mathrm{~m}
\end{array}=13 \mathrm{~cm} .
$$

20. 

$$
\begin{aligned}
& D \\
= & 12-3(2 x-2) \\
= & 18-6 x+6
\end{aligned}
$$

21

$$
\begin{aligned}
D & =299320.77 \times \frac{0.075}{12} \\
& =1870.7548 \ldots \\
& =\$ 1870.75
\end{aligned}
$$

22. $B$

Question 23
a) (i) $\$ 7.7530$
(ii)

$$
\begin{aligned}
60000 \div 1000 & =60 \\
\therefore \text { repayment } & =60 \times 7.7530 \\
& =\$ 465.18
\end{aligned}
$$

(iii)

$$
\begin{align*}
\text { i) } \begin{aligned}
\text { total } & =465.18 \times 12 \times 20 \\
\text { repayment } & =\$ 111643.20 \\
\text { Interest } & =111643.20-60000 \\
& =\$ 51643.20
\end{aligned}
\end{align*}
$$

(iv)
b)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& h=420 \therefore \frac{h}{3}=\frac{420}{3}=140 \\
& A \\
& \approx[140(700+4 \times 505+420)+140(420+4 \times 490+505)] \\
&
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\approx \$ 843500 \mathrm{~m}^{2}
$$

(1) for each simpsons rule
(1) for addition
c)

$$
\begin{align*}
& \text { dividend }=\frac{2.20}{25.50} \times 100  \tag{1}\\
& \text { yeld } \\
&=8.62745 \ldots \%  \tag{1}\\
&=8.63 \%(2 \text { dp })
\end{align*}
$$

d)

$$
\begin{aligned}
\cos \theta & =\frac{16^{2}+17^{2}-18^{2}}{2 \times 16 \times 17} \\
\cos \theta & =0.40625 \\
\theta & =66^{\circ} 01^{\prime} 49.86^{\prime \prime} \\
& =66^{\circ} 02^{\prime} \quad \text { (nearest minute) }
\end{aligned}
$$

Question 24
a) (i) yellow.
(ii) Blue and Red
(iii) $\frac{11}{12}$
b) (1) $120+30=150^{\circ}$
$\therefore$ time difference $=150 \div 15$
$=10$ hours
12 noon Fri @Ry yb home $=2$ an Fri at bros place (1)
(ii) Fri 10 pm (Brosplace) $=$ Sat 8 an (Roy's place)
journey is is hours: Roy left home at Rpm Friday
c)

$$
\text { (1) } \begin{aligned}
\text { March fee } & =\$ 4+0.90 \\
& =\$ 4.90
\end{aligned}
$$

(ii) Type A fees $=4+0.90 \times 2=\$ 5.80$

Type $B$ fees $=\$ 5$
Type $c$ fees $=(22-8) \times 0.9=\$ 12.60$
$\therefore$ Type B ischeaper option
d)
(1) $\begin{aligned} \frac{16}{45} \times 100 & =35.555 \ldots \\ & =36 \% \text { (near }\end{aligned}$
$=36 \%$ (nearest whore no)
(ii)

$$
\begin{align*}
\text { Liberal: }: \text { Labor } & =40=45  \tag{1}\\
& =8: 9 \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

(iii) There is a far greater proportion of males in the survey that there is in the voting population

Question 25
a) (i) 600
(1)
(ii)

$$
\begin{align*}
N & =600(1.04)^{4} \\
& =701.915136 \\
& =702 \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

(iii) $4 \%$ per month
(1)
b)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& v=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h \\
& 3 v=\pi r^{2} h \\
& \frac{3 v}{\pi h}=r^{2} \\
& r= \pm \sqrt{\frac{3 v}{\pi h}}
\end{aligned}
$$

rearranging
(1) correct ans.

$$
r=\sqrt{\frac{\pi h}{\pi h}} \text { (negative radius's impossible) }
$$

d)
(1) $C=120 n+80$
(ii)

$$
\begin{align*}
1520 & =120 n+80 \\
1440 & =120 n \\
\therefore n & =12 \text { days. } \tag{i}
\end{align*}
$$

e) $\frac{2(x-1)}{3}=\frac{3 x+3}{4}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
8(x-1) & =9 x+9 \\
8 x-8 & =9 x+9 \\
-17 & =x \\
\therefore x & =-17
\end{aligned}
$$

(2) * full marks for correct ans.

* car solve using graphic.
(1) for some correct working
C)


Question 26
a)
(1)

(ii)

$$
\begin{align*}
(T S)^{2} & =7^{2}+12^{2}-(2 \times 7 \times 12 \cos 63) \\
& =116.7295 \ldots  \tag{1}\\
& =10.8041 .4 \ldots \\
& =10.80 \mathrm{~m}(2 \mathrm{dp}) \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

(iii)

$$
\begin{align*}
\cos \angle L T S & =\frac{7^{2}+10.80^{2}-12^{2}}{2 \times 7 \times 10.80} \\
& =0.143121 \ldots \\
\angle L T S & =81^{\circ} 46^{\prime} 17.31^{\prime \prime} \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text { Bearing } \theta & =180-3 \overline{8}-81^{\circ} 46^{\prime} 17.31^{\prime \prime} \text { (co-interior } \angle 15 \text { ) } \\ & =60^{\circ} 13^{\prime} 42.69^{\prime \prime}\end{aligned}$

$$
=60^{\circ} 13^{\prime} 42.69^{\prime \prime}
$$

$$
\begin{equation*}
=60^{\circ} 14^{\prime} \text { (nearest munute) } \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

b) (1)

(11) $(\alpha)$


( $\beta$ )
(1)

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { cost } & =114 \times 25 \\
& =\$ 2850
\end{aligned}
$$

(iii)

$$
\begin{align*}
A & =\frac{30}{2}(120+80)+\frac{1}{2}(50 \times 120) \\
& =600 \mathrm{~m}^{2} \tag{2}
\end{align*}
$$

(iv)

$$
\begin{align*}
V & =A n \\
& =6000 \times 0.15 \\
& =900 \mathrm{~m}^{3} \text { of concrete needed } \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

Question 27
a) (1) The south family used gas for heating as their costs went up considerably in winter.
(ii) During May and June
(iii) The smith family has a greater mean as they have a number of larger amounts and would have a greater. SD as there is greater variation. between the largest and smallest values.
(2) explanation for both mean and SD.
b) (1)

$$
\begin{align*}
x & =\frac{10}{100} \times 47880 \\
& =\$ 4788  \tag{1}\\
y & =47880-4788 \\
& =\$ 43092 \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

$$
\text { (ii) } \begin{align*}
S & =V_{0}(1-r)^{n} \\
-30000 & =53200(1-0.1)^{n}  \tag{1}\\
n & =5.43715 \ldots \\
& =5.4 \text { years }
\end{align*}
$$

using graphics EqUAl mode.
c)

$$
\text { (1) } \begin{align*}
z & =\frac{x-\bar{x}}{s} \\
& =\frac{55.3-62.5}{3.6} \\
& =-2 \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

(II)

$$
\begin{align*}
z & =\frac{x-\bar{x}}{s} \\
& =\frac{54.4-60.2}{5.8} \\
& =-1 \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

Since $68 \%$ of scores he within 2 scores of 1 and $-1,32 \%$ lie outside this.

Hence, half of these are lower than Jason ce $16 \%$ (1)
(iii) Melissa was 2 SD belau the mean while Jason was ISD below: Since lower times are better, Melissa performed better in relation to her gender.
d)

$$
\text { (i) } \begin{align*}
\text { Angular distance } & =32^{\circ}+43^{\circ}  \tag{1}\\
& =75^{\circ} \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

(ii)

$$
\begin{align*}
\text { Distance } & =75^{\circ} \times 60 \mathrm{~m} \\
& =4500 \mathrm{~m} \\
& =4500 \times 1.852 \\
& =8334 \mathrm{~km} \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

Question 28
a)
(i) Solved using graphics calculator TVM mode.

$$
\begin{align*}
n & =20 \\
1 \%_{0} & =4 \\
P V & =n / a \\
P M T & =-800 \\
F V & =? \\
P / Y & =2 \\
C / Y & =2 \\
\therefore F V & =19437.89584 \\
& =\$ 19437.90 \text { (nearest cent) } \tag{2}
\end{align*}
$$

(ii) Sotved using graphics calculator TVM mode

$$
\begin{align*}
n & =20 \\
1 Y_{0} & =4 \\
R & =? \\
P M T & =n / a \\
F V & =19437.90 \\
P / Y & =2 \\
C Y & =2 \\
\therefore P V & =\$ 13081.14948 \\
& =\$ 13081.15 \text { (request ant) } \tag{2}
\end{align*}
$$

b). (i)

$$
\begin{align*}
& m=k l^{3} \\
& 84=k \times 6^{3} \\
& 84=216 k \\
& k=\frac{7}{18}  \tag{1}\\
& \therefore m=\frac{7 l^{3}}{18} \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

(iii)

$$
\text { iii) } \begin{aligned}
m & =\frac{7 L^{3}}{18} \\
60 & =\frac{7 L^{3}}{18} \\
1080 & =7 L^{3} \\
L^{3} & =154.2857 \ldots \\
L & =5.3634 \ldots \\
L & =5.4 g(1 \mathrm{dp})
\end{aligned}
$$

(II)

$$
\begin{align*}
m & =\frac{7 \times 5^{3}}{18}  \tag{1}\\
& =48.61111 . \cdots  \tag{1}\\
& =48.6 \mathrm{~g}(\mathrm{ld} p)
\end{align*}
$$

c)

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area of ellipse } & =\pi \times 42.5 \times 70 \\
& =9346.238144 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \\
\text { Volume of ellipse } & =9346.238144 \times 2 \\
\text { prism } & =18692.47629 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Volume of cone } & =\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 40^{2} \times 4 \\
& =6702.064328 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Total Volume } & =18692.47629+6702.064328+25 \\
& =25394.54062 \\
& =25419.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}(\text { ld p })
\end{aligned}
$$

d) (1) For a median regression line the points are broken into 3 groups (top, middle \& lower) and in each group a median point is found and the lune drawn relative to these For these points, the top group of points in particular are all above (or on) the line, so it does not go through their median point. Hence, not a regression line
(ii) using points $(0,10)$ and $(20,25)$

$$
\begin{align*}
m & =\frac{\text { rise }}{r u n} \\
& =\frac{15}{20} \\
& =\frac{3}{4} \\
b & =10 \tag{2}
\end{align*}
$$

